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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/806,157	03/23/2004	Tetsuro Nakamura	03500.017976	2170
	7590 07/27/200 CELLA HARPER &	EXAMINER		
30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA			TRINH, THANH TRUC	
NEW YORK, NY 10112		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1753	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			07/27/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/806,157	NAKAMURA ET AL			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Thanh-Truc Trinh	1753			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.11 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period value to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUN 36(a). In no event, however, may a will apply and will expire SIX (6) MC , cause the application to become A	ICATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 M	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>23 March 2004</u> .				
·— , ·—	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7</u> is/are rejected. 7) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1</u> is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	·				
Application Papers	·	•			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some color None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s)	·				
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 8/30/2004 	Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application			

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

1. Claim 1 is objected to because of the following informalities:

Line 13, "lease" should be – least --.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

2. Claims 1-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Shiozaki (US Patent 5977477).

Regarding claim 1, Shiozaki discloses a method of producing a photovoltaic device comprising steps of forming a zinc oxide layer on a substrate at least by electrolytic deposition (See col. 4 lines 39-67); subjecting the zinc oxide layer to rare gas treatment (or ion irradiation) (See Abstract and col. 5 lines 1-12); and forming on the zinc oxide layer a semiconductor layer comprising a-Si, a non-single crystal silicon material, containing hydrogen and having at least one p-i-n junction. (See col. 5 lines 33-50)

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Regarding claim 2, Shiozaki discloses the treatment is a rare gas plasma treatment using at least one rare gas selected from the group consisting of He, Ne, Ar. (See col. 5 lines 1-12)

Regarding claim 3, Shiozaki discloses forming a zinc oxide layer by sputtering as described in Example 1. Shiozaki further discloses forming another zinc oxide layer by electroplating as described in Example 4. Therefore, Shiozaki teach forming a zinc oxide layer by sputtering before the forming the zinc oxide layer by electrodeposition.

Regarding claim 4, Shiozaki describes the thickness of zinc oxide layer is 1000 nm (See col. 10 lines 48-49), which is well within the claimed range of 10nm to 5μm.

Regarding claim 5, Shiozaki describes the zinc oxide layer having transmittance of 90% or more (See col. 4 lines 50-51). Therefore, it is inherent that the zinc oxide layer transmitting 50% or more of light with a wavelength of 800 nm.

3. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Shiozaki (US Patent 5977477) with evidence from Wronski (IEEE Transactions on Electronic Devices, Vol. ED-24, No. 4, April 1977).

Regarding claim 6, Shiozaki discloses a method of producing a photovoltaic device as described in claim 1, wherein the zinc oxide layer is adjacent to an n-type a-Si layer and has a conductivity of less than 10^{-1} x $1/\Omega$ cm, or a resistivity of 10Ω cm or more. (See col. 4 lines 51-52). Note: resistivity = $1/\Omega$ conductivity. Wronksi teaches the n-type a-Si layer typically having a resistivity of about $10^8 \Omega$ cm at substrate temperature of 300° C (See page 352, 1^{st} paragraph of section titled "Discussion" of Wronski). It is the

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Examiner's position that Shiozaki teaches the zinc oxide layer having lower resistivity than that of the n-type semiconductor layer provided adjacent to the zinc oxide layer. Shiozaki teaches the limitation of the instant claim, therefore the reference is deemed to be anticipatory.

In addition, it is also the Examiner's position that a transparent conductive layer (zinc oxide layer) must have lower resistivity that that of a p- or n-type semiconductor layer adjacent to it in order for the transparent conductive layer (zinc oxide layer) to conduct electrons produced from the semiconductor layer, and complete the circuit.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

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4. Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shiozaki (US Patent 5977477) in view of Baik et al. (Thin Solid Film, Volume 345, 8 October 1999, Pages 227-231)

Regarding claim 7, Shiozaki discloses a method of producing a photovoltaic device as described in claim 1.

Shiozaki does not specifically teach providing an adsorption preventive layer between the zinc oxide layer and a p- or n-type semiconductor layer deposited adjacent to the zinc oxide layer.

Baik et al. teach inserting a SiO₂ layer between the zinc oxide layer and the n-type semiconductor layer provided adjacent to the zinc oxide layer. (See page 228, 3rd paragraph of section titled "Experimental procedure")

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the method of Shiozaki by providing a SiO₂ layer between the zinc oxide layer and the n-type semiconductor layer disposed adjacent to the zinc oxide layer, because it would increase conversion efficiency. (See page 228, 3rd paragraph of section titled "Experimental procedure")

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. US Patent 5180434.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thanh-Truc Trinh whose telephone number is 571-272-6594. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 am - 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nam Nguyen can be reached on 571-272-1342. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

TT 7/18/2007

PRIMARY EXAMINER